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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO
10/039,653	12/31/2001	David A. Wyatt	42390.P13868	9274
8791	7590 12/01/2004		EXAMINER	
BLAKELY SOKOLOFF TAYLOR & ZAFMAN			LAO, SUE X	
12400 WILSH SEVENTH FI	IIRE BOULEVARD		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
	ES, CA 90025-1030		2126	

DATE MAILED: 12/01/2004

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)	
	10/039,653 WYATT, DAVID A.		
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	
,	Sue Lao	2126	
The MAILING DATE of this communication ap Period for Reply	pears on the cover sheet w	rith the correspondence addre	ss
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1. after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a rep If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statut Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailin earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	136(a). In no event, however, may a ly within the statutory minimum of thi will apply and will expire SIX (6) MO e, cause the application to become A	reply be timely filed rty (30) days will be considered timely. NTHS from the mailing date of this commi BANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	unication.
Status			
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on	•		
2a) This action is FINAL . 2b) ⊠ This	s action is non-final.		
3) Since this application is in condition for allowated closed in accordance with the practice under the condition of the	*	•	erits is
Disposition of Claims		•	
4) ☐ Claim(s) 1-12 is/are pending in the application 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdra 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☐ Claim(s) 1-12 is/are rejected. 7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	wn from consideration.		
Application Papers			
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine	er.		
10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on <u>12/31/2001</u> is/are: a)∑	☑ accepted or b)☐ object	ed to by the Examiner.	
Applicant may not request that any objection to the	drawing(s) be held in abeya	nce. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).	
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct	•	•	• •
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the E	xaminer. Note the attache	d Office Action or form PTO-	152.
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119			
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority document 2. Certified copies of the priority document 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority application from the International Burea * See the attached detailed Office action for a list	ts have been received. ts have been received in A crity documents have beer u (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	Application No n received in this National Sta	ge
Attachment(a)			
Attachment(s) 1) ☑ Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) T Interview	Summary (PTO-413)	
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	Paper No	(s)/Mail Date	
 Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 	5) Notice of 6) Other:	Informal Patent Application (PTO-152	2)

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DETAILED ACTION

1. Claims 1-12 are presented for examination.

2. The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. See *In re Goodman*, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); *In re Longi*, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); *In re Van Ornum*, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970);and, *In re Thorington*, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent is shown to be commonly owned with this application. See 37 CFR 1.130(b).

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

3. Claims 1-12 are provisionally rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claim 1 of copending Application No. 10/038,894. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other. For example, as to claim 1, Application No. 10/038,894 teaches a method, comprising: maintaining a global resource namespace (global resource namespace)including a list of a plurality child and parent resource objects (child and parent resource objects) and a representation of the relationships (representation of the relationships) among the child and parent resource objects [Application No. 10/038,894, claim 1, lines 2-5]; and attaching an additional child resource object (perform attachment) to one of the plurality of parent resource objects

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[Application No. 10/038,894, claim 1, lines 2-3]. As to claim 2, it is met Application No. 10/038,894, claim 5. As to claim 3, it is met Application No. 10/038,894, claims 3 and 5. As to claim 4, it is met Application No. 10/038,894, claim 3. As to claim 5, it is met Application No. 10/038,894, claim 3. As to claim 6, it is met Application No. 10/038,894, claim 3 and that bandwidth is a typical resource. As to claims 7-12, note claims 1-6, respectively, for discussions.

This is a <u>provisional</u> obviousness-type double patenting rejection because the conflicting claims have not in fact been patented.

The subject matter claimed in the instant application is fully disclosed in the referenced copending application and would be covered by any patent granted on that copending application since the referenced copending application and the instant application are claiming common subject matter, ie., all limitations in claims 1-12 of the instant application.

4. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless --

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 5. Claims 1-4, 7-10 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Abbondanzio et al (U S Pat. 5,890,011).

As to claim 1, Abbondanzio teaches a method, comprising:

Maintaining (Hareware Resource Manager HRM) a global resource namespace (Hardware Namespace, fig. 3) including a list of a plurality child (parent device/bus entry) and parent resource (child device/bus entry) objects and a representation of the relationships (hierarchical, fig. 3) among the child and parent resource objects; and

Attaching (add/enumerate) an additional child resource object (entry for child device/bus) to one of the plurality of parent resource objects (parent device/bus). See

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additionally, col. 3, line 66 – col. 4, line 37; col. 3, line 66 – col. 4, line 8; col. 5, line 53 – col. 6, line 65.

As to claim 2, Abbondanzio teaches determining whether the parent resource object exists within the global resource namespace (obtain information about parent bus, col. 5, lines 56-62).

As to claim 3, Abbondanzio teaches determining whether the parent resource object is available (determine whether resource available in parent bus resource pool, col. 6, lines 30-36).

As to claim 4, Abbondanzio teaches determining whether conflicts exist that would prevent the child resource object from being attached to the parent resource object (determine conflict free range, col. 6, lines 1-29).

As to claims 7-10, these are program product claims of claims 1-4, respective, thus note claims 1-4, respectively, for discussions.

- 6. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 7. Claims 5, 6, 11, 12 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Abbondanzio et al as applied to claims 1, 7 in view of Richek et al (U S Pat. 5,450,570).

As to claim 5, Richek teaches managing resources for device operations, including calculating resource requirements of a child resource object / device (determine resources and configuration, col. col. 5, line 13 – col. 6, line 24). Therefore, it would have been obvious to include a step of calculating into Abbondanzio. One of ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to combine the teachings of Abbondanzio and Richek because this would have permitted a user to define

resources configuration alternatives and to establish interrelationships between resources (col. 4, lines 10-23).

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As to claim 6, Abbondanzio teaches determining whether sufficient parent resource is available to satisfy the requirements of the child resource object (determine whether resource is available in patent bus resource pool, col. col. 5, line 53 – col. 6, line 65). Richek teaches resource requirements for device operations include memory bandwidth (col. 5, lines 66-68). Therefore, it would have been obvious to include memory bandwidth into the resources of Abbondanzio. Note the discussion of claim 5 for a motivation to combine.

As to claims 11, 12, these are program product claims of claims 5, 6, respective, thus note claims 5, 6, respectively, for discussions.

- 8. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.
- 9. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Sue Lao whose telephone number is (571) 272-3764. A voice mail service is also available at this number. The examiner's supervisor, SPE Meng-Ai An, can be reached on (571) 272 3756. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday Friday, from 9AM to 5PM. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is (703) 872 9306.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (571) 272-2100.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you

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have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

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November 23, 2004